

**Day #36 Homework**

For problems 1 – 4, find each of the indicated graphical properties. If a function does not have a particular property, explain why it does not. Show your work.

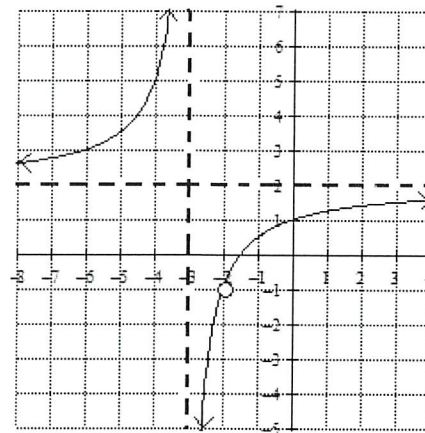
1. $f(x) = \frac{(3x+4)(x+2)}{(x-4)(x+2)}$		2. $p(x) = \frac{x^2+x-6}{x^2+5x+6}$	
(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:	(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:
(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):	(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):
3. $h(x) = \frac{2x-6}{x^2-x-2}$		4. $g(x) = \frac{2x^2-5x+2}{x^2-4}$	
(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:	(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:
(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):	(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):

**Day #36 Homework**

For problems 1 – 4, find each of the indicated graphical properties. If a function does not have a particular property, explain why it does not. Show your work.

1. $f(x) = \frac{(3x+4)(x+2)}{(x-4)(x+2)}$		2. $p(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$	
(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:	(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:
(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):	(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):
3. $h(x) = \frac{2x-6}{x^2-x-2}$		4. $g(x) = \frac{2x^2-5x+2}{x^2-4}$	
(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:	(a) Zero(s):	(b) y – intercept:
(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):	(c) Vertical Asymptote(s):	(d) Coordinates of hole(s):

5. In both factored and standard form, what is an equation of the rational function,  $h(x)$ , pictured to the right?



The graph of a rational function,  $g(x)$ , is pictured below. Answer the questions that follow.

	<p>6. What factor(s) is/are guaranteed to be in the denominator of the equation of <math>g(x)</math>? Justify your answer.</p>
<p>7. What factor is guaranteed to be in both the numerator and denominator of the equation of <math>g(x)</math>? Justify your answer.</p>	<p>8. What factor is guaranteed to be in the denominator of the equation of <math>g(x)</math> but not in the numerator? Justify your answer.</p>
<p>9. If <math>g\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 0</math>, then what is the equation of <math>g(x)</math> in both factored and standard form?</p>	<p>10. What are the domain and range of <math>g(x)</math>?</p>