## Free Response Practice \#22

## Calculator NOT Permitted

Consider the rational functions $f(x)=\frac{2}{x-3}$ and $g(x)=\frac{x-2}{x^{2}-9}$ to answer the following questions.
a. At what value(s) of $x$ will the graphs of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ have discontinuities? Explain your reasoning.
b. If $h(x)=f(x) \cdot g(x)$, find an equation for $h$ in standard form and then determine at what value of $y$ will the graph of $h$ have a horizontal asymptote? If no such value exists, state so. Give a reason for your answer.
c. On what intervals will $f(x) \geq g(x)$ ? Show the complete algebraic and sign analysis that leads to your answer.

## Free Response Practice \#24

## Calculator Permitted

The table below shows function values for a rational function, $G(x)$. The equation of $G(x)$ is such that $(x+2)$ and $(x-1)$ are the only factors in the denominator of the function.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | -1000 | -2.001 | -2 | -1.999 | 0 | 0.999 | 1 | 1.001 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{G}(\boldsymbol{x})$ | 0.998 | 0.333 | Undefined | 0.333 | -1 | -1999 | Undefined | 2001 | 1.002 |

a. Does either factor in the denominator also exist in the numerator? If so, which factor? Give a reason for your answer.
b. Does either factor of the denominator not exist in the numerator? If so, which factor? Give a reason for your answer.
c. Based on the end behavior, where does $G(x)$ have a horizontal asymptote? Give a reason for your answer.
d. Sketch a possible graph of the function $G(x)$. Then, state the domain and range of $G(x)$.

Domain: $\qquad$
Range: $\qquad$


