

Match them to the appropriate shapes you drew in part 1.

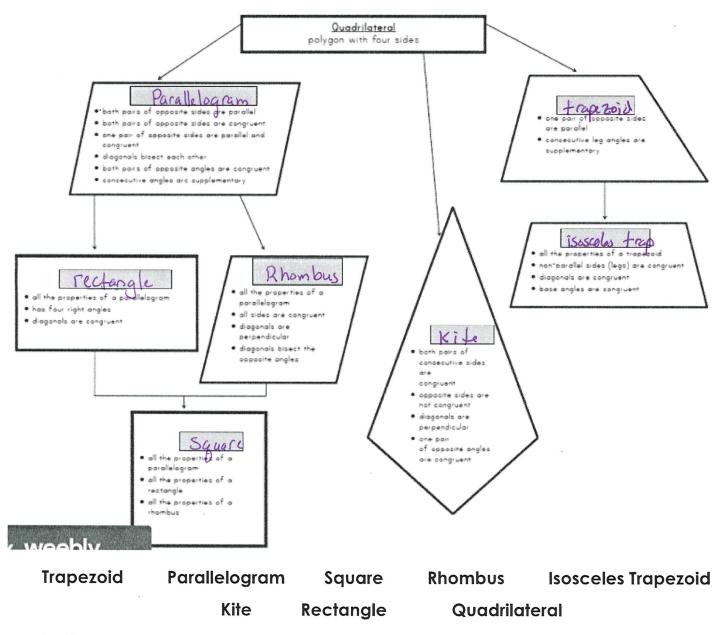
5. Calculate the volume of the pencil. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth OR leave in terms of  $\pi$  for one extra credit point. SHOW ALL WORK AND USED FORMULAS

 $\int \frac{4}{3\pi m^3} \frac{4}{3} \frac{1}{n} \frac{(3)^3}{2} + \pi (3)^2 (8) + \frac{1}{3} n^3^2 (8) = 114 \pi m^{30} r^3 358.14 cm^2$ 

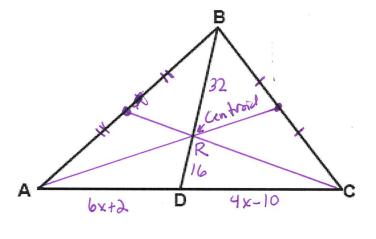
6. Not all pencils are created equal. Skribblez created a jumbo pencil that is 10 inches long and has a volume of  $5 \pi i n^3$ . To save on cost, this pencil has no eraser (sold separately at Skribblez.com) and the pencil does NOT come pre sharpened. What is the radius of the jumbo pencil?

 $5\pi = \pi r^2 \cdot h = \pi r^2 \cdot 10$ 10 cm  $5\pi = \pi^{2} \cdot 10$  $5\pi = \pi^{2} \cdot 10$ 1 raw + leb

1. Write in the appropriate quadrilateral name in the empty location.



- 2. Use a compass and ruler to find the location of the centroid for triangle ABC. Segment BD, a median, is already drawn.
  - a) Find the point of concurrency by drawing in the other 2 medians and label this point R.



b) Label segment AD=6x+2 and segment DC=4x-10. What must x equal so that D is a median? 6x+2=4x-15

$$dx = -12$$
  
 $x = -6$ 

c) If segment BD=48, then what must Segment BR equal? And what must segment DR equal?

d) Each of the points of concurrency in triangles have special properties. What special property does the centroid have and how could you use that property to hang this triangle from your ceiling. T = 1 is the contex of mass of -1 transfer.

9. It is the center of mass of a triangle. The triangle would belance on this point when hing from the centing.